Global Economic Outlook:

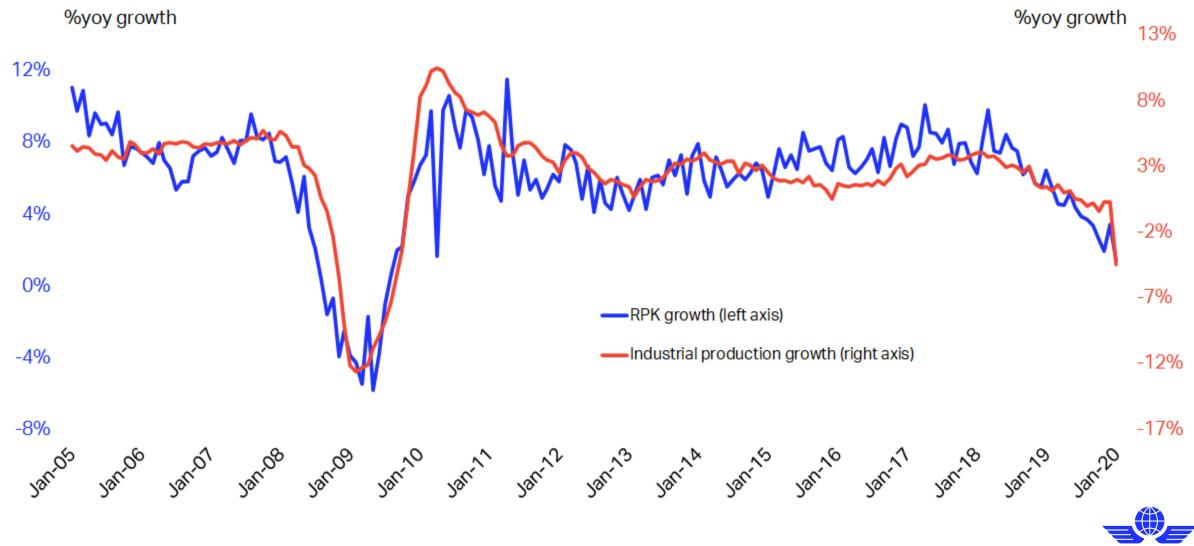
Implications for an industry in recovery

Andrew Matters IATA Sustainability & Economics

Airline Leaders Summit Budapest, March 2023



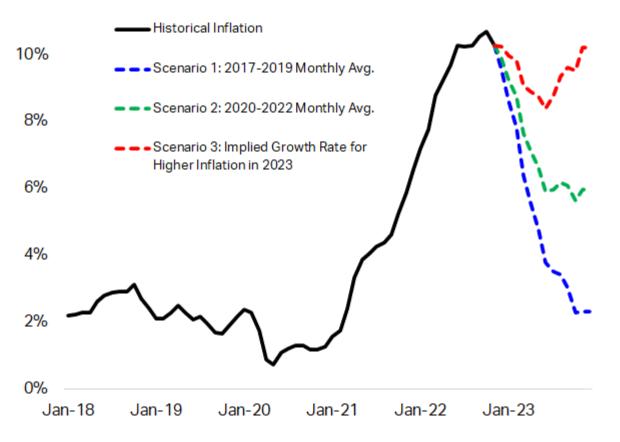
A reminder: the economy matters Industry performance is closely linked to the business cycle



GDP growth to slow in 2023 but inflation has likely peaked

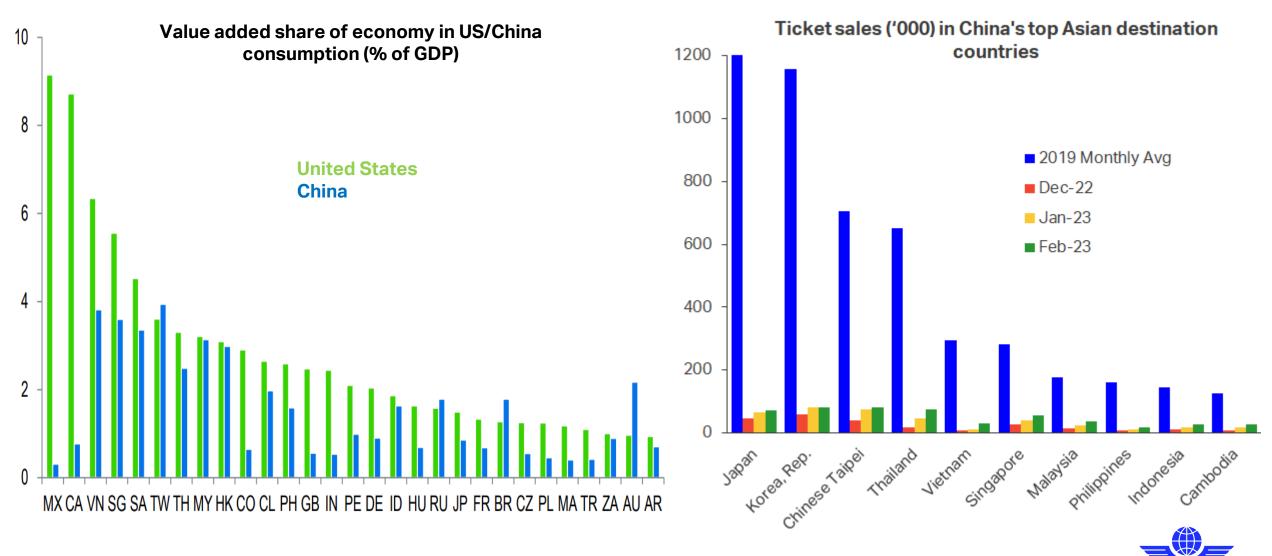


Inflation rate in 2023 under different scenarios 12%



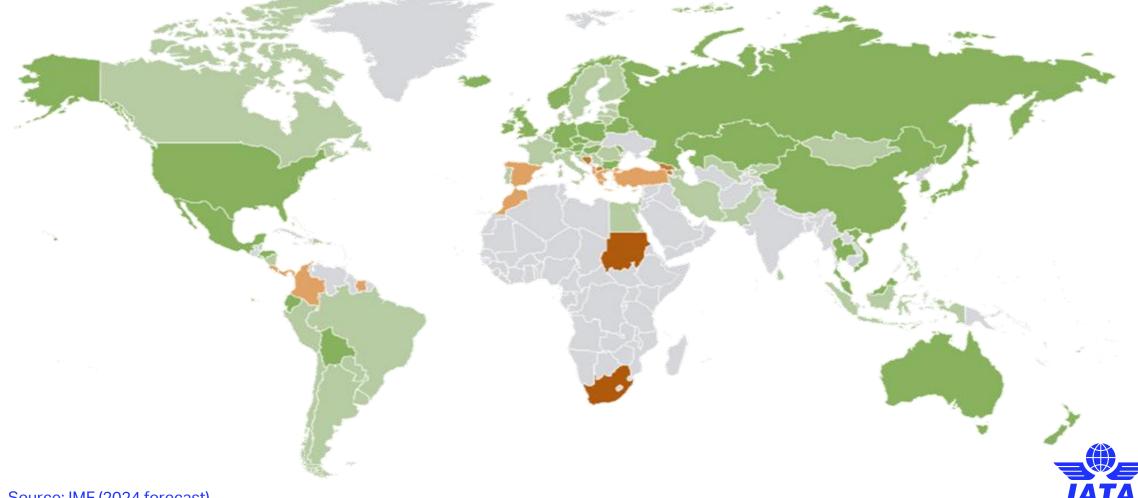


China's recovery will help to offset any US downturn Particularly in Asia Pacific

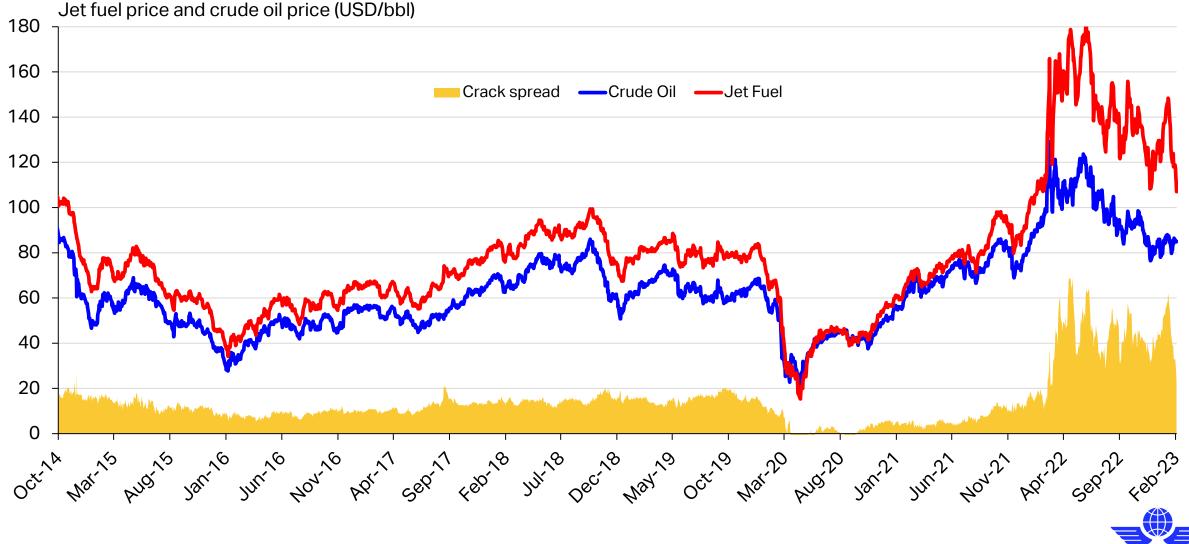


Labor markets are in robust shape Which will help to mitigate any recessionary impulse

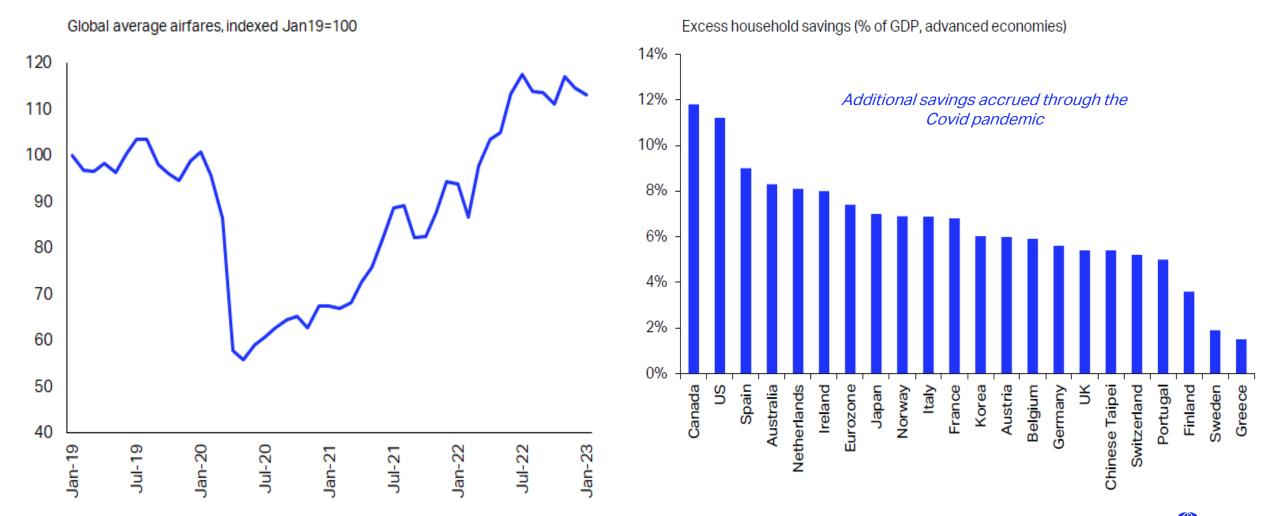
Unemployment rate in 2024: • 20% or more • 15% - 20% • 10% - 15% • 5% - 10% • Less than 5% • no data



Pressures on airline operating costs remain Oil prices have eased, but jet crack spread remains unusually wide



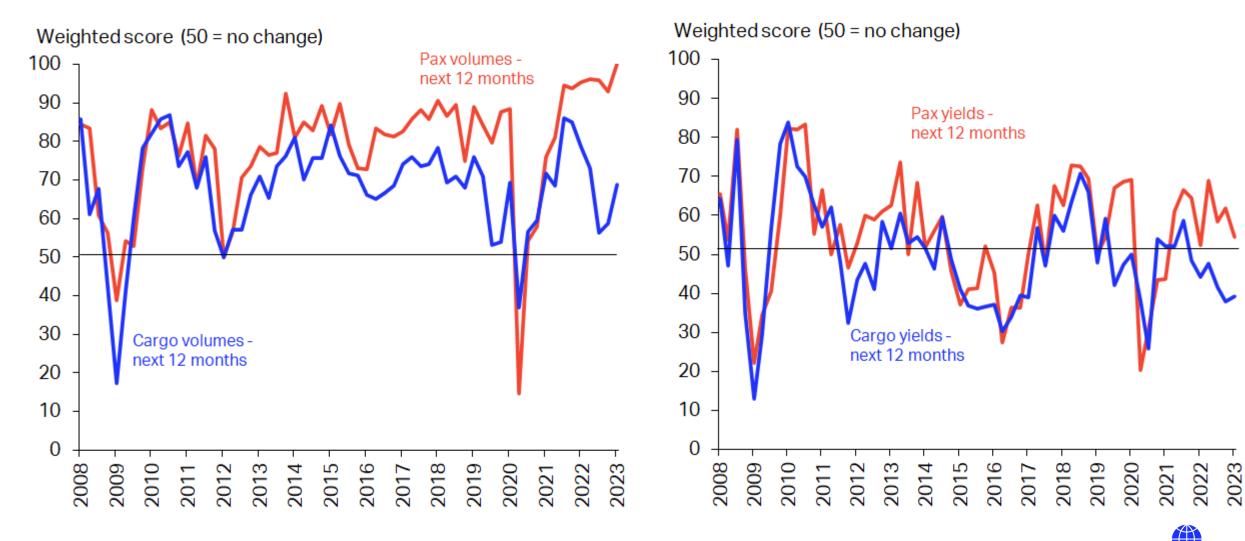
Higher costs have resulted in higher airfares Demand has been resilient – but for how long?



7 Source: IATA DDS, Oxford Economics, Haver

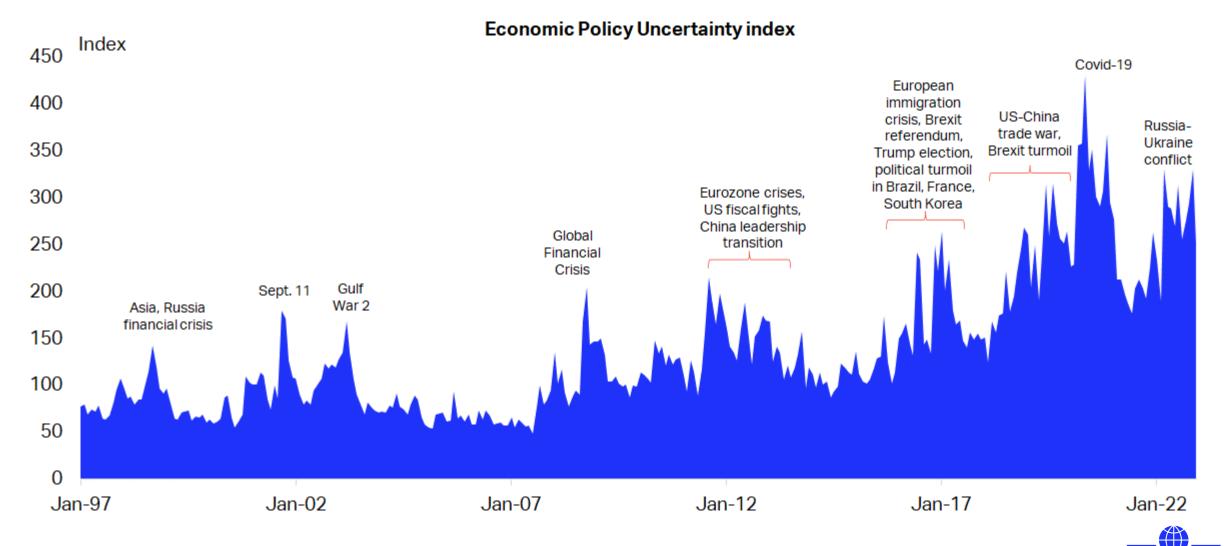


Air transport industry confidence is mixed More upbeat for the passenger segment compared with cargo

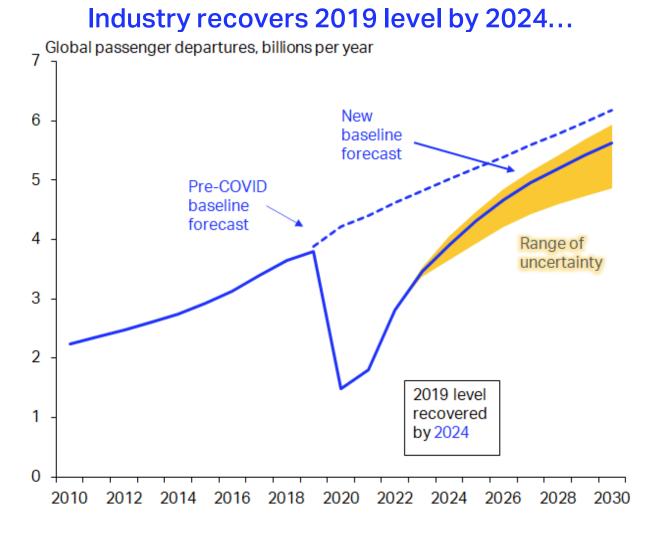




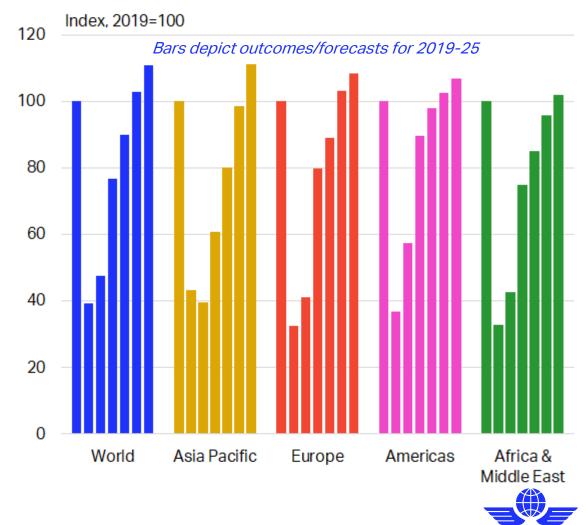
Economic policy uncertainty is elevated And its not just economic policy that matters



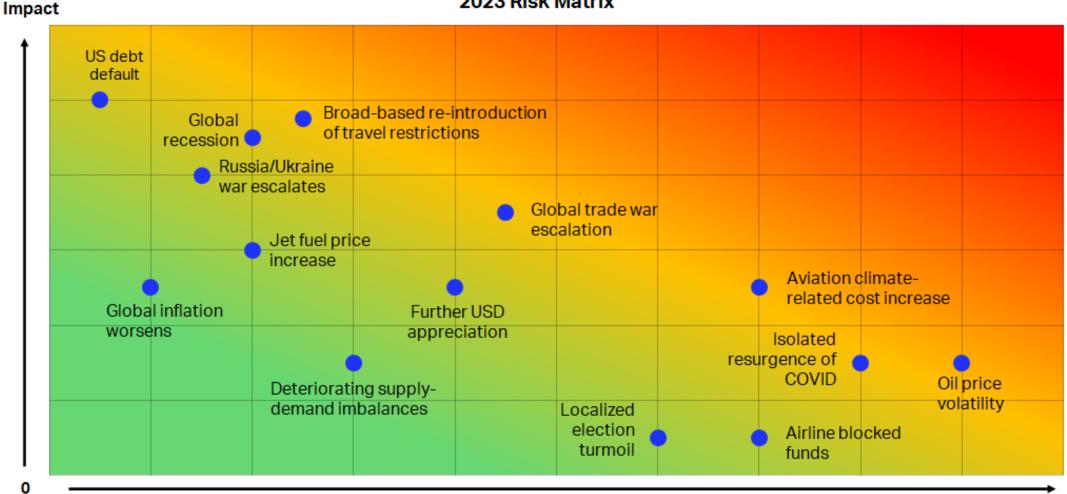
Recovery has not been derailed by developments



...and all regions recover no later than 2025



Key global risks for the near-term outlook Cautious optimism in turbulent times



2023 Risk Matrix



There are also longer-term economic challenges... ...but these are for another day

The energy transition and regulatory risk

Financial sustainability and resilience

Shifts in globalization and geopolitics



Contact the team at:

economics@iata.org

www.iata.org/economics



